

# THREAT TO CALL STRIKE OF TELEGRAPHERS ALL OVER THE COUNTRY

**President of National Organization of the Union Said the Decision Would Be Reached at a Conference to Be Held in Chicago Late To-day.**

**CONTRADICTION REPORTS OF NUMBER OUT**

**Manager of Southern Division of the Western Union Said the Company Is Carrying On Uninterrupted Service, but Union Leaders Claim 3,000 Are Out.**

Atlanta, Ga., June 7.—There were no developments early to-day in the situation resulting from the strike of operators employed in the southeastern district by the Western Union, and chief interest in the controversy centered in the announcement in Washington last night by S. J. Koenekamp, president of the national organization of the union, that he would call a nationwide strike of the members of the union to be decided in Chicago late to-day.

Both leaders of the strikers and officials of the company continued to issue contradictory statements concerning the number of men who quit work Thursday night and yesterday.

H. C. Worthen, general manager of the southern division, said the company was carrying on uninterrupted service and that the latest survey of his district showed only a total of 288 employees on strike, 160 of whom were out in Atlanta. Outside of Atlanta the largest number on strike was at Charleston, S. C., where 17 out of a normal force of 23 had quit. Reports from New Orleans, which is in the company's Texas division, said that 68 men were out there. Leaders placed the New Orleans strike list at a total of 158.

Charles F. Mann, representing the telegraphers, said reports to union headquarters showed 3,000 men in all sections of the southeastern district had responded to the strike call. For the strikers, the situation today apparently had developed into a wait pending the outcome of the proposed country-wide walkout.

**PACIFIC COAST MAY HAVE BIG STRIKE**

**Commercial Telegraphers Will Be Called June 11 Unless Demands Are Compelled With.**

San Francisco, June 7.—A strike of commercial telegraphers who are members of the union throughout Pacific coast states is to be called June 11 unless demands made upon employers are complied with, according to a message received early to-day by Patrick O'Connor, president of the local organization of the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America. The telegram was signed by L. I. Marshall of Los Angeles, vice-president of the organization. It read as follows:

"Unless all telegraph officials yield to demands of the workers by June 11, telegraphers and other telegraph workers, as well as their sympathizers, will be asked to vacate their respective offices."

"This announcement embraces the Western Union, Postal and Federal Telegraph companies on the coast, cutting off communication so far as business is concerned with coast and eastern points."

"This fight will be to a finish. Every worker is requested to obtain outside employment wherever possible and assist in every conceivable manner in making the strike a success."

"Exact time will be announced later." Mr. Marshall stated that the cities affected included all west of Denver, Colo., from Montana points to El Paso, Tex.

**STRIKE ORDER RESCINDED.**

**Telephone Operators in North and South Carolina Not to Go Out.**

Atlanta, Ga., June 7.—Orders calling out the union telegraph operators at Columbia and other points in North and South Carolina to-day, in connection with the strike of telephone and telegraph workers in the southeast, have been rescinded. This was announced to-day by C. F. Mann, southern organizer for the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America.

**STRIKE AT NEW ORLEANS.**

**Cable and Line Men to Number of 179 Failed to Report.**

New Orleans, June 7.—Cable and line men of the Cumberland Telephone & Telegraph company and the Western Union Telegraph company, members of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers of the World, went on strike to-day in sympathy with Western Union employees affiliated with the Comintern claim 179 men failed to report for work.

And Yet Some Are Kicking.  
"They say that drinking near beer is like kissing your own wife."  
"As good as that!"—Boston Transcript.

## WINNIPEG STRIKERS MORE READY TO SETTLE

**Demands for Speedy Settlement Were Frequently Heard in Union Ranks To-day—Parades Have Been Ordered Dropped.**

Winnipeg, June 7.—Leaders of the general strike have for the first time given evidences of eagerness to settle the industrial dispute which has enveloped Winnipeg for nearly four weeks. Acceptance of the railway brotherhoods' collective bargaining proposal was announced by the strike leaders and demands for speedy settlement were frequently voiced in union ranks to-day. With the addition of 1,300 veterans to the police force, parades have ceased by order of Mayor Gray.

Among the developments during the night in western Canadian cities was a decision of delegates from all unions in Prince Rupert, B. C., against calling a general strike.

## BIG PROTEST STRIKE IS CALLED IN BERLIN

**By Berlin Soviet to Show Denunciation of Execution of Bavarian Communist Leader, Nissen.**

Berlin, June 6 (By the Associated Press).—The greater Berlin soviet, which is dominated by the radical proletarian elements, has ordered a 24-hour general strike in protest against the execution at Munich on Thursday of Levine Nissen, the Bavarian communist leader. Many of the large shops were closed this afternoon, and the surface and subway transportation lines will not, it is expected, be in operation at any time on Saturday.

**STRIKE MAY FOLLOW EXECUTION.**

**Troops Ordered to Prepare to Meet Any Emergency in Munich.**

Munich, Friday, June 6 (By the Associated Press).—A general strike threatens this city as a result of the execution of Levine Nissen. Occupational troops have been ordered to prepare to meet any emergency.

## NEW RHENISH REPUBLIC MEETING OPPOSITION

**Judges of the Province Are the Latest to Defy New Government—French Reported to Have Made Definite Promises to the Republic.**

Weissenau, Friday, June 6 (By the Associated Press).—Opposition to the Rhenish republic is growing here each day. The judges of the province are the latest to defy the new government and, with court employees, have declined to recognize the legality of the regime headed by Dr. Dorten.

The French are reported to have made definite promises to the republic in the shape of officially settling food prices on a peace basis and also fixing the value of the mark arbitrarily at one franc, 23 centimes. A general protest strike occurred here yesterday.

## AMERICANS FROWN ON MOVEMENT

**Have Taken No Steps to Recognize New Rhenish Republic.**

Coblenz, Thursday, June 5 (By the Associated Press).—The Rhenish republic movement has made no headway in the American area of occupation, despite reports to the contrary, according to third army headquarters. The American authorities continue to oppose any movement contrary to the regulations of the army of occupation. The British officers in their area are said to have taken a similar stand.

French officers in Coblenz have stated that the idea of launching a republic just at this time originated in Mayence and Wiesbaden, and that the French regarded the movement with favor, and it has developed that efforts were made to secure American co-operation for the movement. On May 21 a French colonel came to Coblenz and at 2 o'clock in the morning called American staff officers on the telephone asking for an immediate appointment with Lieutenant General Liggett, the third army commander. The French colonel said it was most important that he interview General Liggett and that General Mangin, the French commander, desired through the colonel to request American co-operation. The French officer said that 50 or 60 German delegates were ready to come to Coblenz and hold a meeting, provided the Americans granted a permit, and that it was planned to declare a republic on May 24.

The American authorities took the stand that the movement was purely political and that to permit any such meeting would be exercising the authority of the army command. On June 1 the report was sent out from Mayence that the republic had been declared at Wiesbaden with Dr. Dorten as its head.

## COUNTER PROPOSALS

**CONSIDERED BY ALLIES**

**Council of Four in Session This Morning, as Were All the Commissions Connected with Peace Conference.**

Paris, June 7.—Virtually all the important commissions connected with the peace conference were in session to-day. The activity was due to the directions issued yesterday by the conference leaders that the work of the body should be speeded up as far as possible.

The council of four met this morning and continued its consideration of the German counter proposals. The commissions which held sessions included those on ports and waterways, responsibilities, Belgium and Alsace-Lorraine.

## 'WILFUL MURDER' IS ACCUSATION

**At Least 10 Irish Citizens Said to Have Been Killed Recently**

**AMERICANS MAKE REPORT TO WILSON**

**Specific Instances of Atrocities Have Been Cited in Report**

Paris, June 6 (By the Associated Press).—Within the last few months at least ten citizens have been killed in Ireland by soldiers or constables under circumstances found by coroners' juries to have been wilful murder. This charge is made in the report on observations made in Ireland by Frank P. Walsh, Michael J. Ryan and Edward P. Dunne, delegates of the Irish societies in the United States. The report, which was made public to-night, was sent to President Wilson along with the demand that the peace conference investigate the Irish question.

Numerous and specific charges of atrocities committed in Irish jails are contained in the document. Charges are made that hundreds of men and women were put in prison without any specific accusation being made against them. The document says that at least five men died as a result of atrocities in prisons and that many prisoners are confined in cells of inadequate size and given insufficient and unwholesome food.

The report also alleges that punitive measures of the authorities included douches with water, in which the prisoners were obliged to remain all night in unheated cells, bringing on pneumonia. Solitary confinement and withholding of rations also is charged. It is stated further that the heads of hundreds of families were sent to jail or deported, leaving dependent women and children without means of support and to become objects of charity.

The report says that Messrs. Walsh, Ryan and Dunne visited Ireland with assurance from Premier Lloyd George that they would be given full freedom to investigate.

## CRUELITIES PRACTICED ON JEWS.

**By Polish Troops, According to Some Witnesses.**

Paris, June 6 (By the Associated Press).—Evidence of cruelties practiced upon the Jews in Vilna by Polish troops as seen by witnesses has been collected by Dr. Bachmievich and sent to the premier of Lithuania and transmitted by him to the Lithuanian commission to the peace conference.

The document says that on the same day the Poles occupied the Vilna railway station, they began pillaging the houses of Jews under the pretext that they were searching for arms and bolsheviks. Soldiers of the Polish legion were seen from windows in the Villarsa forcing open stores closed because of the Jewish Sabbath. On the afternoon of Monday, April 21, when relative calm obtained, people who had taken refuge in the cellars came out. Soldiers, it is said, arrested them, demanded their papers, searched them and took all the valuables from their pockets.

Street fighting broke out, the document says, on the afternoon of April 22, after the city had been entirely cleared of bolsheviks. A considerable number of Jews were killed or thrown into prison. Pedestrians were robbed of their clothing, particularly shoes. Prominent residents of the town were arrested and tortured and held for ransom. Some others were killed.

Reports speak of 1,500 persons having been killed in Vilna alone, while it is estimated that from 2,000 to 5,000 were deported from Vilna to Lidka. Ransoms of 1,500 to 15,000 rubles were demanded of Jews who were thought to have money. Those deported were subjected to the most cruel treatment, according to the report, being clubbed with rifle butts and deprived of food during the journey.

## AUSTRIAN CHANCELLOR

**AGAIN AT ST. GERMAIN**

**After Conference With Representatives from Vienna—Was Accompanied by Technical Counselors.**

St. Germain, June 7.—Dr. Karl Renner, the Austrian chancellor and head of his nation's delegation to the peace congress, arrived here to-day after his visit to Karlsruhe, where he had a conference with government representatives from Vienna. Dr. Renner was accompanied by Richard Schuller and Herr Sterbalk, the technical counselors of the delegation.

## NEW STRIKES IN PARIS.

**Make Up for Those Which Have Been Settled.**

Paris, June 7.—The strike situation was unchanged this morning. While a few of the smaller walkouts have been settled to the satisfaction of the workers, several fresh ones have broken out. The principal strike movements are in the transportation and metal industries, a settlement seemingly being as far off as ever.

The railroad men of the Paris district held a stormy meeting last night, with extremists being much in evidence. While the meeting did not vote for an immediate strike, it was decided to make preparations for a cessation of work.

## AMERICAN FORCES WILL BE WITHDRAWN FROM NORTH RUSSIA

**Will Be Ready for Sailing by the Last of June, According to the Revised Arrangements.**

Archangel, Friday, June 6.—According to the revised arrangements, all the American forces, including the engineers, will be withdrawn from the north Russian front and will be ready for sailing by the last of June. The second contingent of Americans to leave northern Russia is assembling at Economia, the winter port of Archangel. This contingent is expected to leave in about 10 days.

Before sailing with the first contingent, Major J. Brooks Nichols, commander of the American troops on the Volga railroad, who had been already awarded the British distinguished order received the French war cross and was informed that the medal of the French Legion of Honor was awaiting him at Brest.

## KEEN COMPETITION EXPECTED.

**At Meadowbrook Club's Athletic Meet at Franklin Field.**

Philadelphia, June 7.—Thirty-one track and five field events were on the program of the Meadowbrook club's meet at Franklin field to-day and, with many of the best athletes in the country entered, keen competition was expected. The entry list contained more than 300 men representing leading colleges, schools and clubs.

Interest centered in the "John W. Verdon Memorial mile" race, in which John Ray of the Illinois A. C., holder of the one-and-two-mile records, was a competitor. Opposed to him were O'Connell, Crawford and Kleinsch, Lafayette, Brown, Pennsylvania and Connelly, Boston A. C., all of whom were given handicaps of from 50 to 75 yards. Ray said before the race that he would try for a new record.

A number of title holders were also entered in other events, including Homer Baker of the Clencoe A. C., New York, the 600-yard champion, and Shaughnessy, the quarter-mile champion, in the 600-yard race. Haymond of Pennsylvania, intercollegiate title holder, and Thompson of Dartmouth, were among the starters in the hundreds special race.

In the high hurdle race the entries included Thompson of Dartmouth and Erdman of Princeton. Charles Poers, five and fifteen-mile champion, was the scratch man in the three-mile race.

Seven colleges were represented in the one-mile collegiate.

## ORDNANCE MATERIAL IS BEING TAKEN OVER

**British and French Governments Are Delivering Tanks and Guns Purchased by United States Government.**

Washington, D. C., June 7.—Transfer to the United States of ordinance material secured from the British and French governments is proceeding rapidly. Of the 227 six-ton Renault tanks purchased from France, 213 have been shipped and 202 eight-inch howitzers and large numbers of 75's and 155-millimeter guns, either already have been landed in the United States or are en route.

## BOTH PLEADED GUILTY.

**To Charges of Carrying Concealed Weapons—They Are Called Deserters.**

Milford, Conn., June 7.—Upon pleas of guilty to charges of carrying concealed weapons, and stealing the automobile of David R. Lloyd Thursday night, William P. Brown, 23, and Miles Hoag, 25, were held for the superior court to-day. The charge of highway robbery, they having held up and robbed Lloyd, was not pressed, as the military authorities desire to get both as speedily as possible.

It is claimed both are deserters. They had taken eight revolvers, six of which had been sold. New Rochelle authorities want the men on the charge of stealing a launch.

## GERMANS WERE EXPELLED

**When They Refused to Deal With New Rhineland Republic.**

Darmstadt, June 6.—Ten persons expelled from portions of the Rhineland occupied by the French because they refused to deal with the new republic, it is alleged, have reached this city. They claim to have been confined by the French in the barracks at Worms and some say they were not given food for 24 hours, were placed in cells without sleeping accommodations, and were insulted and maltreated by French officers.

## TO ASSURE WAR DAMAGES.

**Polish Government Has Sequestered Teutonic Properties.**

Zurich, Switzerland, Friday, June 6.—The Polish government has established a military commission in the eastern Galicia oil field with the announced purpose of safeguarding Polish and allied interests there. The German-Austrian and Hungarian-owned properties have been sequestered as a guarantee for the collection of war damages. Work has been resumed at all the wells.

## ARRIVE AT LISBON.

**President-Elect Pessoa of Brazil and His Party.**

Lisbon, June 7.—The French armored cruiser Jeanne d'Arc arrived here to-day with President-Elect Pessoa of Brazil and his party on board. They sailed yesterday from Portsmouth after several days' visit in England and, after a visit here, will proceed for Brazil by way of the United States.

## TO DENY ALLEGIANCE.

**Government of Hesse Issued Orders to Officials in Its Territory.**

Paris, June 7 (Havas).—The government of Hesse has issued orders to officials throughout its territory directing them not to give allegiance to the government of the Rhenish republic.

## LANDED IN BOSTON.

**The 31st and 34th Machine Gun Battalions and Some Casuals.**

Boston, June 7.—The battleship New Jersey arrived here to-day from France with the 31st and 34th machine gun battalions and casual companies, a total of 1,354 officers and men.

## TO PAY PENALTY FOR BEING SPY

**Capt. Funk of the Austrian Army Was in Paris All During War**

**REPORTED TO ENEMY THROUGH MADRID**

**Accusation Said He Told About Air Raids and Long-range Bombardment**

Paris, June 7.—Captain Funk of the Austrian army has been tried and sentenced to death as a spy by a secret courtmartial here.

It appears that Captain Funk was in Paris before the war began and remained in the city throughout the hostilities, and was alleged at the trial that he made the enemy acquainted with information regarding air raids and long distance shelling of Paris. The specific accusation upon which he was convicted was: "Communicating information concerning the bombardments by Gothas and Berthas to the German military attaché at Madrid."

## MONTPELIER MAN FOUND DEAD IN BED

**Heart Disease and Heat Carried Off Fred Alexander, Foreman in Shop of the National Clip Co.**

Fred Alexander of Montpelier died at his home on Liberty street in that city last night from heart failure and the effects of the heat. Because of the warm weather Mrs. Alexander slept on the porch last night when she entered the house this morning she found Mr. Alexander dead in bed. He had been feeling in his usual health and seemed to be all right when he retired last night.

Mr. Alexander was born in Moretown, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Alexander, 59 years ago next October. He was educated in the schools of Montpelier and during the early part of his life was engaged as a sawyer. Later he was in the clothes pin business and for the past eight years had been foreman at the shop of the National Clip company in Montpelier.

He was married to Inez Batchelder of Worcester 35 years ago and she survives him, together with one son, Arthur Alexander, who is a soldier with the American army in Europe. He also leaves one sister, Mrs. Gertrude McFarland of Philadelphia. Arrangements for the funeral are being held up pending the arrival of word from the sister.

## ESTEE CO. INCREASES WAGES.

**Forestalled Move Which Had Been Contemplated By the Men.**

Brattleboro, June 7.—Col. J. Gray Estey, president of the Estey Organ company, called the employees of the company together just before closing time to-night and told them that beginning at once, the company had decided to adopt a 55-hour schedule and pay them on the present 60-hour basis. The factories will run 10 hours a day for five days a week and close at noon Saturdays. This affects over 275 hands. The men had planned to meet last night to petition for a 54-hour week with the present pay for 60 hours, the same as has been demanded this week by employees of the other wood working plants in town.

## DIED IN FRANCE.

**Bernice Powers of Bennington Had Not Been Heard from in Months.**

Bennington, June 7.—Frank Powers of North Bennington last night was notified by the war department that his son, Private Bernice Powers, Co. C, 16th engineers, was dead in France. No word had been received from the young man since Dec. 28.

At the time his regiment arrived in New York, nearly two months ago, his father inquired of the officers but was unable to obtain any information concerning the son. The dispatch received last night gave no particulars.

## VERMONT CORPORATION.

**White River Junction Auto Co. Files Its Articles.**

The White River Junction Auto company of White River Junction has filed articles of incorporation in the office of secretary of state for the purpose of conducting an automobile business, including livery in its section of Vermont. The capital stock is \$5,000, and the papers are signed by Lyman A. Gibbs, N. E. Wheeler and Alfred A. Gibbs of White River Junction.

## TALK OF THE TOWN

Rev. M. S. O'Donnell of Randolph called on Rev. P. M. McKenna while in the city yesterday.

The Northfield degree team of the Modern Woodmen of America came to Barre last night for the purpose of working the degree upon a class of 40 candidates.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Ennis and two children of Academy street and Edward Ennis and two daughters returned yesterday from an outing of several days at Lake Greenwood.

Alexander O'Brien, a lieutenant with a record of service in France and formerly a Spaulding and Goddard athlete, has been appointed a member of the graduation committee at Norwich university and will graduate with the present class next week.

Supt. S. S. Russell of the Central Vermont railway, whose headquarters are in St. Albans, was in town yesterday interviewing the Hooper brothers, two stonecutters on their way to Barre from Stonington, Me., who were injured in the railroad accident of last Wednesday afternoon near Roylston. Mr. Russell had just arrived from Bethel, where many of the passengers injured in the wreck were receiving treatment at the Greene sanatorium. He reports all as recovering. John Spargo, who was booked to speak at the woman's convention in Barre, returned to his home in Bennington early next week.

## COMMITTEES NAMED FOR "4TH" CELEBRATION

**Plans Being Laid for Fitting Celebration of the Home-Coming of Men Who Have Been in the Service.**

With less than a month in which to perfect plans for the celebration in honor of Barre's returned and home-coming soldiers, on July 4, the general committee appointed recently by the Board of Trade has struck its stride, and nothing will be left undone to make the observance the most memorable affair of its kind in the history of the city.

It will be the day in the aftermath of the great war when Barre and its neighbors in nearby Washington and Orange county towns unite to pay homage in an elaborate way to their soldier sons. Therefore, all of the energy and money will be centered on a royal welcome. Much depends upon the interest and co-operation of towns about, for it is not to be a purely municipal celebration and the attendance and good will of the city's neighbors must be assured if the boys are to receive the reception they deserve.

The committee is playing it safe all the way. Happily the holiday this year occurs on Friday, thus allowing an opportunity to stage the big celebration on the day following, which is a holiday for many people, should rain interfere with plans for July 4.

None of the essential details in arranging for the observance have been overlooked, and a committee known for its energy and ability has been delegated to look after each feature. The following committees have been appointed, the first named in each instance to serve as chairman:

General committee—W. G. Reynolds, A. A. Milne, J. C. Booth, E. M. Tobin, C. F. Millar, Guy Varnum, J. G. Calagani, Stanley Marsh, W. A. Drew.

Publicity, advertising and program—Arthur Bell, Dean H. Perry, James F. Higgins.

Music and dance—E. M. Tobin, Noble Love, A. Comoli.

Parade, horribles, floats, autos, soldiers and sailors—Duncan McMillan, C. M. Willey, Alex. Duncan, Joseph Calagani, Dr. Barr, George Tilden.

Fireworks—A. J. Healy, E. M. Laws, Joseph Merlo, W. M. Holden, A. A. Lamorey.

Decorations—B. W. Hooker, Paul Scampini, George Collamer, C. F. Millar, N. B. Ballard.

Autos, parking and policing—Arthur Loranger, Henry Alexander, H. F. Cutler.

Sports and games—Frank Shea, D. M. Barclay, Charles Leel, Joseph Wenner.

Finance—H. S. Parks, F. H. Rogers, F. D. Ladd, E. C. Robinson, C. Johnson, James Mack, John O'Leary, John Corsike, H. A. Richardson, George Bond.

Transportation—B. A. Eastman, Waldron Shield, Neil Ralph.

Grounds—H. A. Phelps, E. A. Drown, James T. Marston.

Fire tournament—C. B. Gladding, E. M. Tobin, E. C. Cutler.

Refreshments—H. C. Ladd, H. L. Campbell, C. O. Averil, J. B. Sanguinetti.

Red Cross—Referred to Barre Woman's club.

Tanks and machine gun—Guy Varnum, W. A. Drew, Alex. Spiran, J. H. Woodruff.

## F. D. THOMPSON CHOSEN.

**As Reporter of Court Decisions to Succeed S. R. Moulton.**

As a result of the recent appointment of a new justice on the supreme court bench and a new superior judge, Chief Judge Z. S. Stanton has announced a new assignment of judges by which the superior judges will work for this year. The announcement also carries the appointment of Frank D. Thompson of Barton as reporter of decisions, to take the place of S. R. Moulton, who was elected superior judge.

The assignment of judges follows: Judge Stanton, Orleans, March 11; Essex, April 22; Caledonia, June 3; Chittenden, Sept. 9; Windsor, Oct. 7.

Judge Butler, Rutland, March 11; Bennington, June 3; Washington, Sept. 9; Orange, Dec. 2.

Judge Fish, Washington, March 11; Lamoille, June 3; Grand Isle, Aug. 12; Rutland, Sept. 9; Caledonia, Dec. 2.

Judge Wilson, Franklin, March 11; Windsor, May 6; Windham, Sept. 9; Lamoille, Dec. 2; Grand Isle, Jan. 13, 1920.

Judge Moulton, Chittenden, March 11; Orange, June 3; Orleans, Sept. 9; Essex, Oct. 28; Addison, Dec. 2.

Judge Chase, Windham, April 8; Addison, June 3; Franklin, Sept. 9; Bennington, Dec. 2.

## WAS FORMER CONTRACTOR.

**Alfred W. Stowe Died at His Home in West Brattleboro.**

Brattleboro, June 7.—Alfred Wells Stowe, 79, died yesterday in his home in West Brattleboro of hardening of the arteries. He had been in failing health the past two years and had been entirely helpless six months. Mr. Stowe was a contractor and builder, but retired from active business several years ago.

He was born in Wilmington Oct. 3, 1839, and was one of seven children of Thomas Tilton and Lucinda (Childs) Stowe. He was twice married, his first wife being Miss Ellen Cornelia Herrick of Brattleboro. They were married April 28, 1863, and five children were born to them, two of whom survive. They are Fred F. Stowe and Mrs. Theodore Hamlin, both of Fairfax, Va. Mrs. Stowe died in 1905. On Dec. 31, 1906, Mr. Stowe married Mrs. Clarissa Robbins of Lempster, N. H., who survives. He also leaves two grandsons, Alfred Wells Stowe and Robert Stowe Stowe, children of Fred Stowe, and one brother and one sister, Alonzo T. Stowe and Mrs. Thomas Miller, both of West Brattleboro.

Mr. Stowe was a member of the First Congregational church in West Brattleboro and of Columbian lodge of Masons of this village.

**ADMITTED BURGLARY.**

**But Will Not Be Sentenced Pending Outcome of Forgery Charge.**

Haylock DeForge and Bernice Peor of Waterbury appeared in Washington county court Friday afternoon, pleading guilty to the charges of burglary by breaking into the Union Granite company's office in Waterbury two weeks ago to-night. That was the time they are alleged to have stolen checks upon which they were alleged to have forged the names of men in Waterbury, obtaining money in Waterbury, Barre and Montpelier. The court did not impose sentence. This will not be done until the state's attorney completes an investigation relative to the forgery